GRANDE PRAIRIE REGIONAL COLLEGE DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY 2009/2010

CHEMISTRY 1020: Introductory University Chemistry II

CONTACT HOURS: 3 Lecture hours per week; 1 Seminar hour per week; 3 Laboratory hours per week

PREREQUISITE: CH1010 or equivalent

- TRANSFER CREDITS: CH1020 to U. of Alberta CHEM 102, 3 credits CH1010/1020 to U. of Calgary CHEM 201/203, 6 credits
 - INSTRUCTOR: Les Rawluk Office J214 780-539-2738

EMAIL: lrawluk@gprc.ab.ca

WEBSITE: http://moodle.gprc.ab.ca

- OFFICE HOURS: Unrestricted
 - TEXT BOOK: Required: CHEMISTRY 8th Edition Steven S. Zumdahl and Susan A. Zumdahl Houghton Mifflin Company ©2010
- LABORATORY: Required lab manual: Introductory University Chemistry II (Chem 102 and 105), University of Alberta, 2009/2010 Lab coats and safety glasses are compulsory, and are available at the Bookstore.
 - SEMINAR: Seminars consist of problem solving, discussion of lecture materials, and a brief introduction to the upcoming Laboratory experiment. A short quiz will be part of most seminars.

COURSE EVALUATION

February Midterm	18%
March Midterm	$\dots 18\%$
Final Exam	
Quizzes	
Laboratory Reports	
Laboratory Exam	10%

Alpha Grade	Approximate Percentage Conversion
A+	90–100
A	85–89
A-	80-84
B+	76–79
В	73–75
B-	70–72
C+	67 - 69
C	64–66
C-	60–63
D+	55 - 59
D	50 - 54
F	0–49

Assignments will be distributed on a weekly basis. Complete solutions will be available for the student in both hardcopy and electronic format. Completion of assignments is strongly recommended to succeed in the course.

Attendance to all lectures and seminars is strongly recommended. Laboratory attendance to each specific experiment is compulsory; a passing grade in the laboratory component is required to pass the course. A doctor's medical note is required for **all** excused absences!

Students must obtain an overall average of 50% or better to pass the course. Students are encouraged to participate in class discussions, and help is available outside the classroom. Appointments are not necessary.

According to GPRC policy (see page 46 of the 2009/2010 calendar), a repeat final examination will not be granted in this course.

CH1020 COURSE CONTENT

A :	 Chemical Kinetics A.1 Reaction rates A.2 Rate laws A.3 Determining rate law form A.4 Integrated rate law A.5 Arrhenius equation A.6 Reaction mechanisms A.7 Catalysis 	Chapter 12	Pages 539–592
B:	 Chemical Equilibrium B.1 Equilibrium condition B.2 Mass-action expression and the equilibrium const B.3 Heterogeneous equilibria B.4 Applications of the equilibrium constant B.5 Le Châtelier's Principle 	Chapter 13	Pages 593–637
C:	Acids and BasesCC.1The nature of acids and basesC.2Acid strength and the pH scaleC.3Calculating the pH of strong/weak acidsC.4BasesC.5SaltsC.6Mixtures of weak acids and basesC.7Effect of structure upon acid strengthC.8Common ion effectC.9Buffer systemsC.10Acid/base titrationsC.11Acid/base indicators	Chapters 14 and 15	Pages 638–737
D:	Solubility Equilibria D.1 Slightly soluble salts D.2 Complex ion equilibria	Chapter 16	Pages 743–771
E:	 Thermochemistry E.1 Types of energy; work and heat; First Law of Th E.2 Enthalpy-endothermic and exothermic processes E.3 Calorimetry E.4 Hess's Law E.5 Standard enthalpy of formation 	Chapter 6 ermodynamics	Pages 235–283
F:	ThermodynamicsF.1 Entropy and the Second Law of ThermodynamicF.2 Entropy of the system and the surroundingsF.3 Free energyF.4 Free energy and equilibrium	Chapter 17 s	Pages 772–815

G: Electrochemistry			Chapter 18	Pages 816–871
	G.1	Redox reactions and standard electrode potentials		
	G.2	Galvanic cells and spontaneous redox reactions		
	G.3	Cell potential, electrical work, and free energy		
	G.4	Dependence on concentration–the Nernst equation		
	G.5	Batteries		
	G.6	Electrolytic cells		
H: Transition Elements and Coordination Compounds			Chapter 21	Pages 953–1004
	H.1	Properties of the transition metals		
	H.2	Coordination compounds		
	H.3	Structure of coordination compounds		

H.4 Crystal field theory